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AUTHOR Ysseldyke, James E.; And Others

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ABSTRACT

The National Center on Educational Outcomes (NCEO) has been working with federal and state agencies to facilitate and enhance the collection and use of data on educational outcomes for students with disabilities. The purpose of this document is to present a model of: (1) early childhood outcomes at age 3, where outcomes are defined as the results of learning experiences or interactions between children and the educational process; and (2) possible indicators of these outcomes for all 3-year-old children (whether identified as having disabilities or not), where indicators are defined as numbers or other symbolic representations that can be used to determine whether desired outcomes are achieved. In the model, educational resources (inputs and contexts) influence learning opportunity and process. These in turn, influence the outcome domains, which have a return influence on both the resources and the opportunity/process. Outcome domains include physical health, responsibility and independence, contribution and citizenship, academic and functional literacy, personal and social adjustment, satisfaction, presence and participation. and family involvement/accommodation and adaptation. The model is extended by identifying outcomes, indicators of the outcomes, and finally, sources of data for the indicators. The model includes children with disabilities or developmental delays as well as all 3-year-old children in educational and day care programs. (JDD)

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NATIONAL CENTER ON EDUCATIONAL OUTCOMES

The College of Education University of Minnesota

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August, 1993

Prepared by James E. Ysseldyke. Martha L. Thurlow. and Cheri J. Gilman

Additional copies may be ordered for \$8.00. Please write:

Publications Office NCEO 350 Elliott Hall 75 East River Road University of Minnesota Minneapolis, MN 55455 The National Center on Educational Outcomes (NCEO) was established in October, 1990, to work with state departments of education, national policy-making groups, and others to facilitate and enrich the development and use of indicators of educational outcomes for students with disabilities. It is believed that responsible use of such indicators will enable students with disabilities to achieve better results from their educational experiences. The Center represents a collaborative effort of the University of Minnesota, the National Association of State Directors of Special Education, and St. Cloud State University.

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NCEO Core Staff:

Robert H. Bruininks
Cheri J. Gilman
Patricia J. Grafstrom
Kevin S. McGrew
Dorene L. Scott
James G. Shriner
Gail E. Spande
Martha L. Thurlow, assistant director
James E. Ysseldyke, director

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OSEP Project Officer

Lou Danielson

NASDSE Staff

Eileen Ahearn Edward McCaul

All NCEO staff read, reviewed, and contributed to this document in various ways. Contributions beyond these were made by the following NCEO support staff:

Trish Grafstrom Sheila Hoover Michael Vanderwood

Graphic DesignUniversity of Minnesota Printing Services



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Educational Outcomes and Indicators for Early Childhood (Age 3)

The current emphasis on educational reform and accountability reflects the public's desire to know the results of education for all of America's students. There is great interest in identifying the important outcomes of education and the best indicators of those outcomes.

The National Center on **Educational Outcomes (NCEO) is** working with federal and state agencies to facilitate and enhance the collection and use of data on educational outcomes for students with disabilities. In doing so, it has taken an inclusive approach. identifying a conceptual model of outcomes that applies to all students. not just to students with disabilities. Hundreds of educators. administrators, policymakers, and parents have participated in a consensus-building process using this model as a framework to identify key indicators of important educational outcomes for all students.

The purpose of this document is to present the model of early childhood outcomes at age 3 and the indicators of these outcomes for all children. This includes children identified as having disabilities or developmental

delays (or being at risk for developing them) as well as all 3-year-old children in educational and day-care programs. Age appropriateness for 3-year-olds is assumed for all outcomes and indicators in this document. When age-appropriateness is mentioned, it is to give special emphasis to its importance.

In the pages that follow, you will find:

- A conceptual model of domains and outcomes
- Possible indicators for each outcome
- Steps toward identifying sources of data for indicators

We at the National Center on Educational Outcomes are indebted to many groups and individuals who provided feedback to us (see Contributors listed at the end of this document). We believe that the model and indicators for early childhood outcomes presented here will serve as a point from which to extend discussion as policymakers, states, and local school districts identify the important outcomes of education.

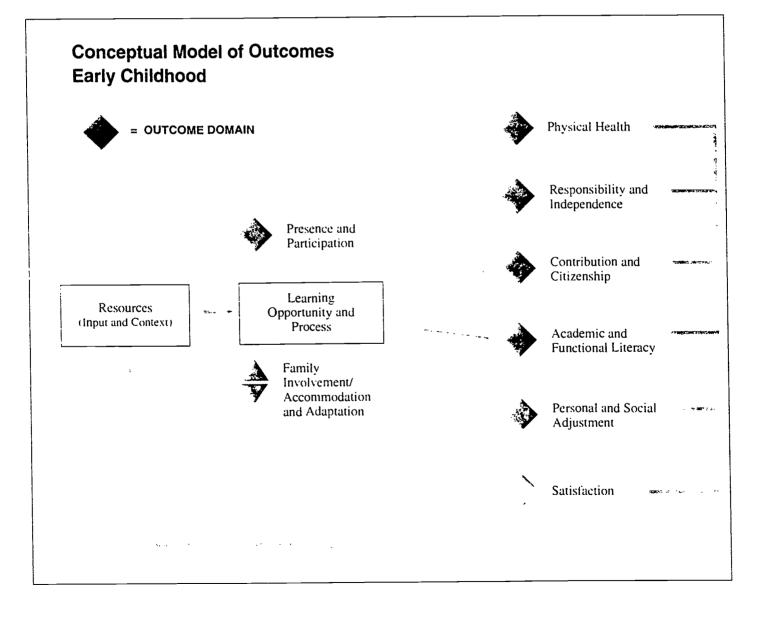


Conceptual Model of Domains and Outcomes

The conceptual model depicted below shows the complete educational model, with Educational Resources (Inputs and Contexts) influencing Learning Opportunity and Process. These in turn, influence the Outcome Domains (the shaded areas), which have a return influence on both the resources and opportunity/ process.

Two of the shaded domains. Presence and Participation, and Family Involvement/Accommodation and Adaptation, are placed next to Learning Opportunity and Process. This placement results from the belief that these domains may be part of the process, but still need to be measured. All domains (indicated by ◆) are treated equally as outcome domains. Family Involvement is added to

Accommodation and Adaptation in the conceptual model at the early childhood level. This reflects an increased need to focus on outcomes related to the involvement and support of the family and community.



The conceptual model is extended by identifying outcomes, indicators of the outcomes, and finally, sources of data for the indicators.

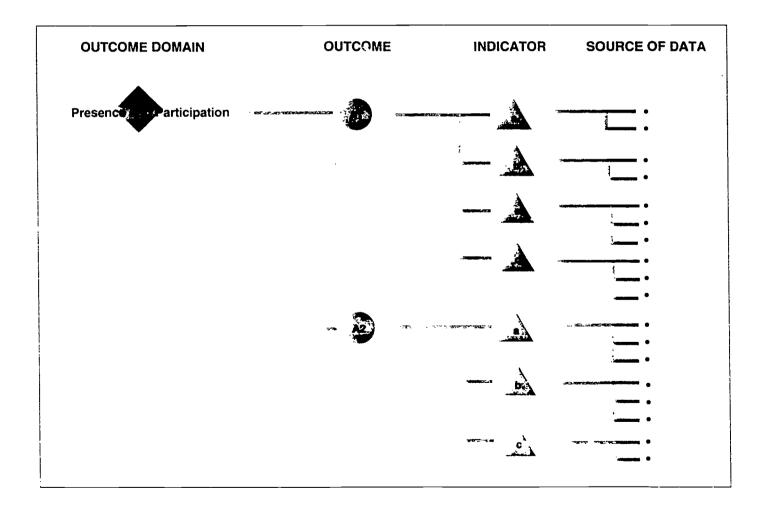
"Outcomes" are the results of learning experiences or interactions between children and the educational process.

"Indicators" are numbers or other symbolic representations that can be used to determine whether desired outcomes are achieved. The relationships among these components are shown below for the Presence and Participation domain. Throughout this document outcome domains are represented by shaded diamonds, outcomes are represented by shaded circles, and indicators are represented by shaded triangles. Sources of data, represented below as small dots, are not fully developed for the eight domains in this document.

Outcomes for the eight domains are presented on pages 4 and 5. Indicators

are listed for each outcome within outcome domains on pages 8-15. Sample sources of data for the Presence and Participation outcome domain are presented on page 17.

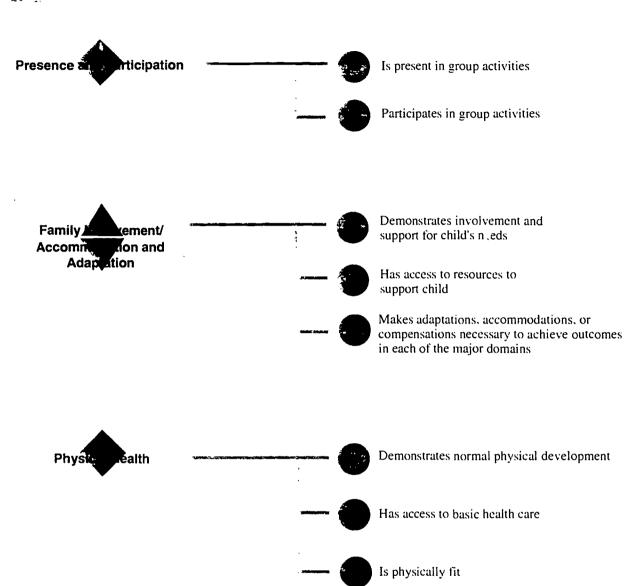
Within this document, outcome domains, outcomes, and indicators are assigned letters and numbers to help in referencing them. These letters and numbers do not imply a hierarchical order of any kind:





OUTCOME DOMAIN

OUTCOME







Demonstrates age-appropriate independence

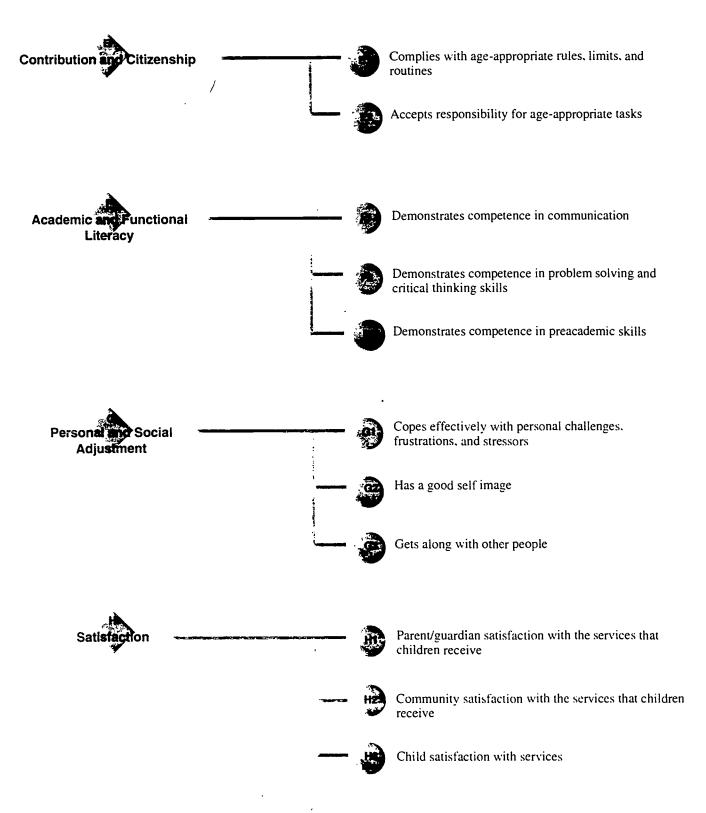


Is responsible for self



OUTCOME DOMAIN

OUTCOME



Possible Indicators for Age 3 Outcomes

Indicators are numbers or other symbolic representations of outcomes. They can be viewed over time to gather information on trends. At the national and state levels, indicators usually are presented as percentages or rates.

State and local district personnel who are interested in specific students can easily translate the indicators presented here into individually-based indicators. A guide to these translations is included in the supporting document entitled

Self-Study Guide to the Development of Educational Outcomes and Indicators (see p. 25).

Lists of possible indicators for early childhood outcomes at age 3, which were identified through the consensus-building process, are presented on the following pages. It is important to think of these as a framework within which outcomes, indicators, and sources of data can be generated.







= INDICATOR





Is present in group activities



Percent of children enrolled in early care and education programs (differentiated by type of program and enrollment of children with and without disabilities)



Percent of children excluded or terminated from programs for typically developing children



Absenteeism rate from day care, preschool, or other early childhood programs



Percent of children who received early intervention services who no longer need special education services



Participates in group activities



Percent of children who participate in family activities

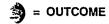


Percent of children participating in the community with parents, siblings, or friends



Percent of children enrolled in early care and education programs who are engaged in ongoing activities within those programs





🔾 = INDICATOR

Family Involvement/ Accommodation and Adaptation



Demonstrates involvement and support for child's needs



Percent of families with appropriate support to meet their child's needs



Percent of families providing environments supportive of their child's education and learning



Percent of family members who attend or participate in school/community-based programs in which their child is enrolled



Percent of children whose family system positively supports their development



Has access to resources to support child



Percent of families knowledgeable about community resources and programs needed by their child



Percent of families who are connected to appropriate service providers/agencies



Percent of families with adequate social and economic resources to appropriately parent children



Percent of families with appropriate parenting skills to anticipate and meet developmental needs of children



Percent of families living in safe environments (free of community and family violence, and substance abuse)



Makes adaptations, accommodations, or compensations necessary to achieve outcomes in each of the major domains



Percent of children needing adaptive devices or skills who use them to participate in activities in home, school, and community environments



= OUTCOME



A = INDICATOR





Percent of children who are in expect. range of growth and physical development



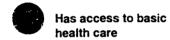
Percent of children with appropriate nutrition (e.g., not obese or undernourished)



Percent of children who have been abused or neglected



Percent of children who have been accidentally poisoned or have had serious injuries that require medical attention





Percent of children who have received age appropriate immunizations



Percent of children who receive health care supervision including education, diagnosis, and treatment services



Percent of children who have had a dental exam and appropriate treatment



Is physically fit



Percent of children who actively engage in developmentally appropriate large motor play activities







= INDICATOR

Responsibility independence



Demonstrates ageappropriate independence



Percent of children who initiate and follow through on activities



Percent of children who separate easily from parents/guardians in familiar and comfortable situations



Percent of children who can occupy themselves without continuous adult involvement



Is responsible for self



Percent of children who can feed themselves with limited assistance

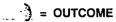


Percent of children who use the toilet with limited assistance



Percent of children who dress themselves with limited assistance







🗼 = INDICATOR



Complies with age-appropriate rules, limits, and routines



Percent of children who participate in simple routines in familiar environments



Percent of children who follow simple rules/limits



Accepts responsibility for age-appropriate tasks



Percent of children who help with simple tasks in natural environments



) = OUTCOME

= INDICATOR

Academic and Literacy



Demonstrates competence in communication



Percent of children who comprehend and effectively use verbal and nonverbal communication skills for selfexpression and interaction with others



Percent of children who follow directions/respond to simple commands



Demonstrates competence in problem-solving and critical-thinking skills



Percent of children who demonstrate an understanding of cause and effect



Percent of children who begin to participate in problem solving



Percent of children who demonstrate curiosity, persistence, and exploratory behavior in play and age-appropriate activities



Demonstrates competence in preacademic skills



Percent of children who demonstrate an interest in books and listening to stories



Percent of children who demonstrate an understanding of basic relational concepts



Percent of children who begin to recognize that symbols/objects can be used to represent other objects and events



Percent of children who participate in and enjoy the arts



= OUTCOME



= INDICATOR

Personal and al Adjustment



Copes effectively with personal challenges, frustrations, and stressors



Percent of children who deal with frustration and unfavorable events in age-appropriate ways



Percent of children who differentiate familiar from unfamiliar people, settings, and situations



Has a good self image



Percent of children who demonstrate a positive sense of self-worth



Percent of children who perceive themselves as competent



Percent of children who demonstrate an appropriate range of affect/emotions



Gets along with other people



Percent of children who initiate and respond to social contacts with other children



Percent of children who engage in extended social interactions with other children



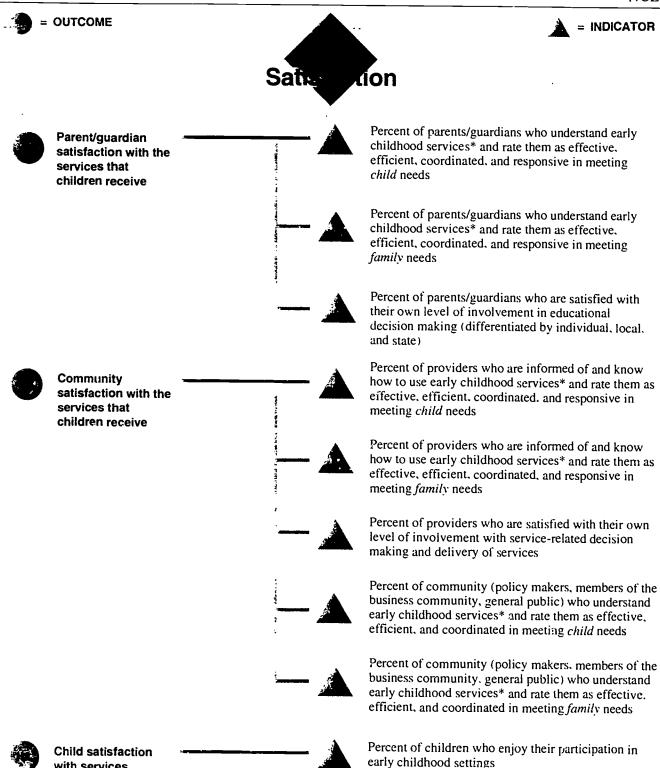
Percent of children who engage in appropriate play with other children including parallel, associative, and emerging cooperative play skills



Percent of children who initiate and respond to social contacts with adults



Percent of children who appropriately express needs to other children and adults





with services

^{*}Plans for early childhood services include goals. setting, procedures, and outcomes.

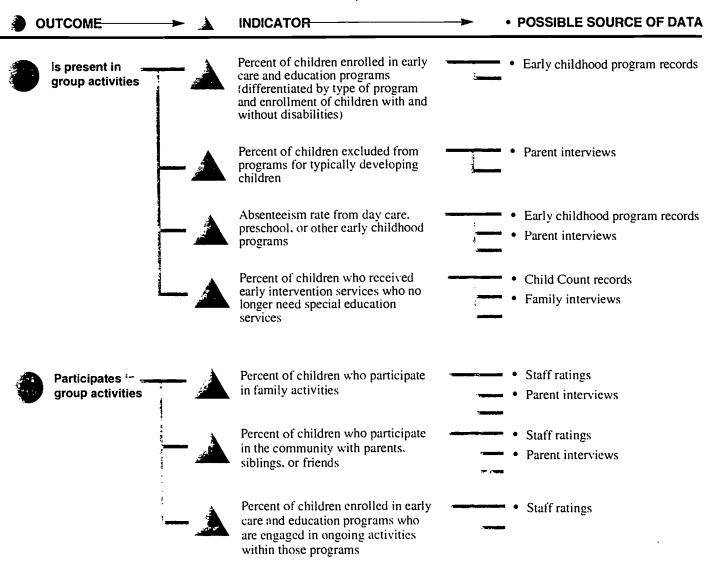
Steps Toward Identifying Sources of Data for Indicators

NCEO staff and advisors are currently in the process of identifying possible sources of data for each of the indicators that has been identified through the consensus-building process. Examples of possible

sources of data for the seven indicators within the Presence and Participation domain are provided on this page. These were generated by NCEO staff. Before listing the possible sources of data for all

outcome indicators in the NCEO model, experts will be asked to provide their ideas about the best data sources.







Identifying and Defining the Important Outcomes of Education

The model and lists of domains, outcomes, and indicators that have been presented in this document are viewed as providing a framework and examples. From these examples, states, districts, and schools can begin to identify and define the important outcomes of education for all of their students.

This document is a summary of the results of consensus-building exercises focused on age 3 only. NCEO is using the same consensus-building process to identify outcomes and indicators for a developmental levels indicated in

e developmental levels indicated in the figure below.

These will be available in the same format as the early childhood (age 3) outcomes and indicators. At the time of this publication, reports are available for age 6, school completion, and a strong school.

DEVELOPMENTAL LEVELS

OUTCOME DOMAIN	3 Years	6 Years	Grade 4	Grade 8	School Completion	Post School
Press and Particulation	3 - <u>A</u> -•	•	3 - •	·)- ,-•	\= <u>_</u> -•	
Family American ement/ Accoming from and Adapted on	••)- <u>/</u> -•	9- ∡-•	} – <u>"</u> –•	3 - ∡-•	9 - <u>4</u> -•
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Contract and Citizenship	3-4-•	}- . -•)- <u>,</u> -•	<i>a</i> – , – •	·•	4 -7•
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Personal and Social Adjustment	}- <u>~</u> -•	•	•	•	•	•(
Sa	9 -7-•	•	, - - •	•	% -)•



Contributors to the Development of Early Childhood Outcomes

Many individuals contributed to the development of the conceptual model, outcomes, and indicators presented here. Stakeholders participated in an intensive process of consensus

building using a computerized multiattribute analysis procedure. Other contributors including NCEO's Advisory Committee members. read and reacted to various working

papers. model prototypes. and questionnaires. With extreme gratitude we recognize and thank these contributors.

4 2 3

Eileen Aheam NASDSE Alexandria, VA

Sylvia Alatore Alva Center for Collaboration for Children California State University Fullerton, CA

Maria Anderson Parent/PACER Center Minneapolis, MN

Donald Bailey
Early Childhood Research Institute
University of North Carolina
Chapel Hill, NC

Peter Behuniak Bureau Chief Connecticut Department of Education Middletown, CT

Karen Brazeau Associate Superintendent Special Education & Student Services Division Oregon Department of Education Salem, OR

Lynn Busenbark Preschool Coordinator Special Education Section Arizona Department of Education Phoenix, AZ

Betty Cooke Early Childhood Family Education Department of Education St. Paul. MN Jane Cromie
 Parent
 Burnsville, MN

Wayne Erickson State Director of Special Education Minnesota Department of Education St. Paul, MN

Mary Beth Fafard Associate Commissioner Massachusetts Department of Education Quincy. MA

Ruth Flynn Director, Early Childhood Education Missouri Department of Education Kansas City, MO

William Frey
Director
Disability Research Systems Inc.
Lansing, MI

Richard Green Assistant Director of Special Education Intermediate School District 917 Rose mount, MN

James Hamilton Early Childhood Branch, OSEP Washington, DC

Eileen Hammar Statewide Parent Advocacy Network Westfield. DE

Harvey Harkness Curriculum Supervisor New Hampshire Department of Education Concord, NH Jan Jernell Part H Coordinator Department of Health Minneapolis, MN

Robert Kennedy
State Director of Special Education
New Hampshire Department of
Education
Concord, NH

Robin Kimbrough American Public Welfare Association Washington, DC

Marie Knowlton Associate Professor Educational Psychology University of Minnesota Minneapolis, MN

Stevan Kukic State Director of Special Education Utah Department of Education Salt Lake City, UT

Nancy Larson Teacher, Mounds View Public Schools Mounds View, MN

Kim Martinson Coordinator, Special Education Apple Valley Public Schools Apple Valley, MN

Pamm Mattick MNAEYC St. Cloud State University St. Cloud, MN



STAKEHOLDERS (continued)

Dr. Carolyn McKay Minneapolis Department of Health Minneapolis, MN

Pat Nygaard University of Minnesota Minneapolis, MN

Ken Olsen Mid-South Regional Resource Center University of Kentucky Lexington, KY

Martin Orland National Education Goals Panel Washington, DC

Cordelia Robinson Director JFK Center for Developmental Disabilities Denver, CO

Sharon Shapiro Head Start St. Paul. MN Pat Sitlington University of Northern Iowa Cedar Falls, IA

Barbara Smith DEC Allegheny Singer Research Institute Pittsburgh, PA

Kathleen Steffens Associate Professor Bemidji State University Bemidii, MN

Nancy Thabet State Director of Special Education West Virginia Department of Education Charleston, WV

Kyla Wahlstrom Associate Director Center for Applied Research and Educational Improvement University of Minnesota Minneapolis, MN Jill Weiss Psychologist Wilder-Rondo Early Childhood Project St. Paul, MN

Mark Wolery Child and Family Studies Allegheny Singer Research Institute Pittsburgh, PA

Janise Wyche Head Start Teacher Montgomery County Takoma Park, MD

Jennifer York Assistant Professor Educational Psychology University of Minnesota Minneapolis, MN

(SOCHALIB) 63

Joseph Ballard Government Relations Council for Exceptional Children Reston, VA

T.

Kenneth Bird Superintendent Westside Community Schools Omaha, NE

Asbjorn Birkemo Institute for Educational Research University of Oslo Oslo, Norway

Jim Boreing Educational Program Consultant Wyoming Department of Education Cheyenne, WY

Martha Brooks State Supervisor Dover, DE

Pat Brown Special Education Washington Department of Education Olympia, WA Lyndall Bullock University of North Texas Denton, TX

· 一种一种

Oona Cheung Council of Chief State School Officers Washington, DC

Sandra Christenson Associate Professor Educational Psychology University of Minnesota Minneapolis, MN

John Clark Public Information & Publications Nebraska Department of Education Lincoln, NE

Mary Cohen Government Relations Council for Exceptional Children Reston, VA

Shirley Curl Gary County Unified School District Junction City, KS Mark Davison Professor and Chair Educational Psychology University of Minnesota Minneapolis, MN

Lawrence Dennis Liaison Education Consultant Ohio Department of Education Columbus. OH

Lizanne DeStefano Professor University of Illinois Champaign. IL

Eugene Edgar Professor Child Development and Mental Retardation Center University of Washington Seattle, WA

Christine Espin Assistant Professor Educational Psychology University of Minnesota Minneapolis, MN



CONTRIBUTORS (continued)

David Ford Alberta Department of Education Alberta, Canada

Marge Goldberg Co-Director PACER Center Minneapolis, MN

JoAnn Gordini
Co-Chair, Best Practices
Oklahoma Department of Education
Oklahoma City, OK

Martin Gould Towson State University Towson, MD

Janet Graden
Professor of School Psychology
University of Cincinnati
Cincinnati, OH

John Haigh Maryland Department of Education Baltimore, MD

Susan Hasazi Professor University of Vermont Burlington, VT

John Herner Director of Special Education Ohio Department of Education Columbus, OH

Gene Hoffman National Council of State Legislators Oak Brook, IL

Lester Horvath Associates in Professional Technologies Hartford, CT

Barbara Huff Federation of Families for Children's Mental Health Alexandria, VA

David R. Johnson Institute on Community Integration University of Minnesota Minneapolis, MN

James Kauffman
Professor
Department of Curriculum.
Instruction and Special Education
University of Virginia
Charlottesville, VA

Marianne Kirner Special Education Resource Center Middletown, CT

Howard Knoff Professor School Psychology University of South Florida Tampa, FL

Sherry Kolbe
National Association of Private Schools
for Exceptional Children
Washington, DC

Nancy LaCount Kentucky Department of Education Frankfort, KY

Sheryl Larson Institute on Community Integration University of Minnesota Minneapolis, MN

Sue Lerner South Central School District 406 Seattle, WA

Kay Lund State Director of Special Education Arizona Department of Education Phoenix, AZ

Larry Magliocca
Great Lakes Area Regional Resource
Center
The Ohio State University
Columbus, OH

Edwin Martin President and Chief Executive Officer National Center for Disability Services Albertson, NY

Carol Massanari Mid-South Regional Resource Center Lexington, KY

Margaret Meany North Carolina Department of Education Raleigh, NC

Jean McDonald National Governors' Association Washington, DC Mary Moore Center for Policy Options in Special Education Mathematica Policy Research Washington, DC

Monty Neill National Center for Fair & Open Testing Cambridge, MA

Alba Ortiz President Council for Exceptional Children Reston, VA

Jeffrey Osowski State Director of Special Education New Jersey Department of Education Trenton, NJ

Susan Peters Professor Special Education Michigan State University East Lansing, MI

Lynda Price Office for Students with Disabilities University of Minnesota Minneapolis, MN

Maynard Reynolds Professor Emeritus Department of Educational Psychology University of Minnesota Minneapolis, MN

Robert Robertson State Director of Special Education Indiana Department of Education Indianapolis, IN

Edward Roeber State Education Assessment Center Council of Chief State School Officers Washington, DC

Robert Rueda Assistant Professor Counseling and Educational Psychology University of Southern California Los Angeles, CA

Frank Rusch Professor Special Education National Transition Institute University of Illinois Champaign, IL



CONTRIBUTORS (continued)

Virginia Roach National Association of State Boards of Education Alexandria, VA

Muriel Saunders Bureau of Child Research Kansas University Lawrence, KS

Lorrie Shepard Professor School of Education University of Colorado at Boulder Boulder, CO

Robert Slavin
Professor
Center for Research on Effective
Schooling
The Johns Hopkins University
Baltimore, MD

Fred Smokoski State Director of Special Education Colorado Department of Education Denver, CO Richard Steinke State Director of Special Education Maryland Department of Education Baltimore, MD

David Stewart
Associate Professor
Counseling, Educational Psychology
and Special Education
Michigan State University
East Lansing, MI

Jo Thomason Council of Administrators of Special Education Council for Exceptional Children Albuquerque, NM

Walter Thompson Nebraske Department of Education Lincoln, NE

Gerald Tindal Professor Special Education University of Oregon Eugene, OR James Tucker State Director of Special Education Pennsylvania Department of Education Harrisburg, PA

Mary Wagner Director National Longitudinal Transition Study SRI International Menlo Park, CA

Hill Walker Associate Dean College of Education University of Oregon Eugene, OR

Colleen Wieck
Director
Governor's Planning Council on
Developmental Disabilities
St. Paul. MN

Michael Winaker Middletown High School Middletown, MD

NCEO NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Lizanne DeStefano University of Illinois Champaign, IL

Ingrid Draper Detroit Public Schools Detroit, MI

Wayne Erickson Minnesota Department of Education St. Paul, MN

Mary Beth Fafard Massachusetts Department of Education Quincy, MA

Marge Goldberg PACER Center Minneapolis, MN David Hornbeck
Co-Director
National Alliance for
Restructuring Education
Senior Policy Advisor
Business Roundtable
Baltimore, MD

Susan Lehr Schools Are For Everyone Tully, NY

Martin Orland National Education Goals Panel Washington, DC

Alba Ortiz Council for Exceptional Children Reston, VA Susan Peters Michigan State University East Lansing, MI

Ramsay Selden Council of Chief State School Officers Washington, DC

Robert Williams United Cerebral Palsy Washington, DC



Supporting Documents

The following documents are available for the reader who is interested in additional information on the model and its underlying assumptions, the process through which the current model and indicators were developed, or how states and school districts apply the model to meet their needs.

A Conceptual Model of Educational Outcomes for Children and Youth with Disabilities (Working Paper 1) July, 1991.

This paper discusses terminology and assumptions underlying the development of a model of outcomes for children and youth with disabilities. It presents alternative models, identifies unresolved issues, and represents a preliminary statement of models and issues.

Responses to Working Paper 1: Conceptual Model of Educational Outcomes for Children and Youth with Disabilities (Synthesis Report 3) June. 1992.

This paper is a synthesis of the responses from a large number of individuals who were invited to react to the educational outcomes model and the assumptions, definitions, and unresolved issues presented in Working Paper 1. Patterns in responses to specific issues including support, concerns, suggested refinements, and sample comments are included.

An Evolving Conceptual Model of Educational Outcomes for Children and Youth with Disabilities (Working Paper 2) August, 1992.

This paper is an extension of Working Paper 1, with revised definitions and assumptions, and an updated model

of educational and enabling outcomes for students with disabilities. An initial list of indicators of each outcome domain is included.

Developing a Model of Educational Outcomes (September, 1993).

This paper summarizes the processes and stages leading to the development of NCEO's conceptual model, indicators, and sources of data.

Consensus Building: A Process for Developing Educational Outcomes and Indicators (in preparation).

This paper details the consensus process used by NCEO to produce lists of outcomes and indicators.

Self-Study Guide to the Development of Educational Outcomes and Indicators (September 1993).

This guide provides state and district personnel with information on how to use NCEO's model in developing a set of outcomes and indicators.

Information on these materials can be obtained by calling NCEO Publications (612-626-1530) or by writing:

NCEO Publications 350 Elliott Hall 75 East River Road Minneapolis, MN 55455



NCEO works in collaboration with St. Cloud State University and National Association of State Directors of Special Education

